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The Least Developed Countries Conference of the UN Global Business Partnership Forum

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# Total number of patent applications in Japan from 1995 to 2009 is 10,000 times as high as that in Bangladesh.

#### **Total Number of Patent Applications by Residents, Top 5 Countries, 1995-2009**

	LDC	Total Number	OECD	<b>Total Number</b>
1	Bangladesh	530	Japan	5,269,699
2	Madagascar	127	United States	2,666,580
3	Yemen, Rep.	109	Korea, Rep.	1,351,031
4	Uganda	37	Germany	708,335
5	Sudan	33	United Kingdom	284,516

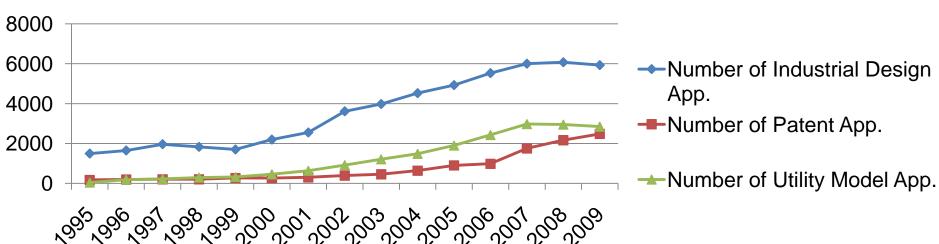
Source: WDI

# Turkey has increased its ranking among the OECD countries from the 30th to the 13th row over the period between 1995 and 2009.

# Ranking of Turkey in OECD Countries by Number of Patent Applications

Year	Rank
1995	30
2000	29
2005	20
2009	13

Source: WDI



Source: Turkish Patent Institute



# Total number of trademark applications in the United States from 1995 to 2009 is 70 times as high as that in Bangladesh.

#### **Total Number of Trademark Applications by Residents, Top 5 Countries, 1995-2009**

	LDC	Total Number	OECD	Total Number
1	Bangladesh	54,927	United States	3,741,255
2	Sudan	35,194	Japan	2,019,854
3	Yemen, Rep.	28,762	Korea, Rep.	1,604,484
4	Mozambique	24,203	France	1,201,040
5	Cambodia	24,011	Germany	1,138,764

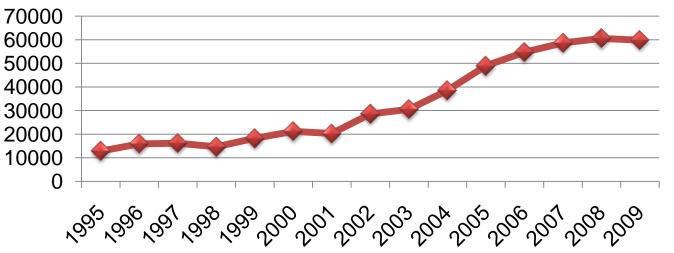
Source: WDI



# Turkey has moved up to the top 10 by the number of trademark applications in the OECD area.

# Ranking of Turkey in OECD Countries by Number of Trademark Applications

Year	Rank
1995	17
2000	15
2005	10
2009	8



►Number of Trademark App.

Source: WDI

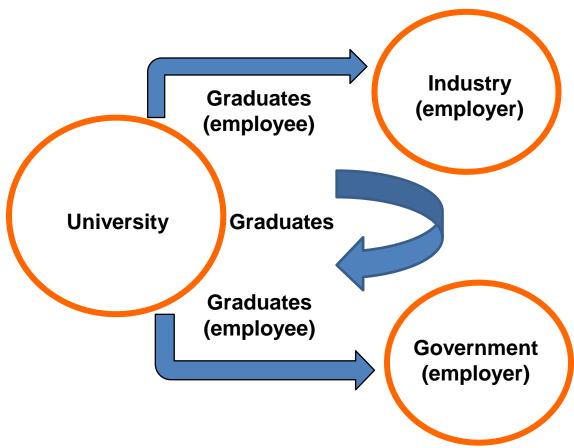
Source: Turkish Patent Institute

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Traditional roles of the universities, industry (private sector) and the government before the gradual shift of focus to entrepreneurship within the last decade.





#### **Turkish University System**

#### Students normally spend:

- 4 years for a Bachelor's degree
- 2 years for a Master's degree
- 2-5 years for a PhD degree

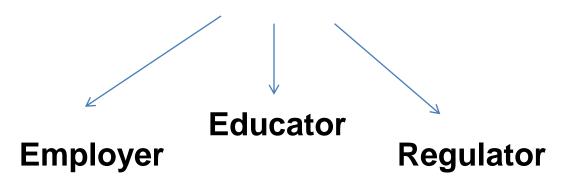


#### **SMEs**

- Typically family owned businesses
- Tend to adopt traditional processes and production techniques to produce low- to medium-tech products
- Rarely seek consultance from (/interact with)
  universities (by accepting students as interns or
  letting them collect data etc. for their theses)
- Very limited or no spending on R&D
- Some but not extensive usage of ICT



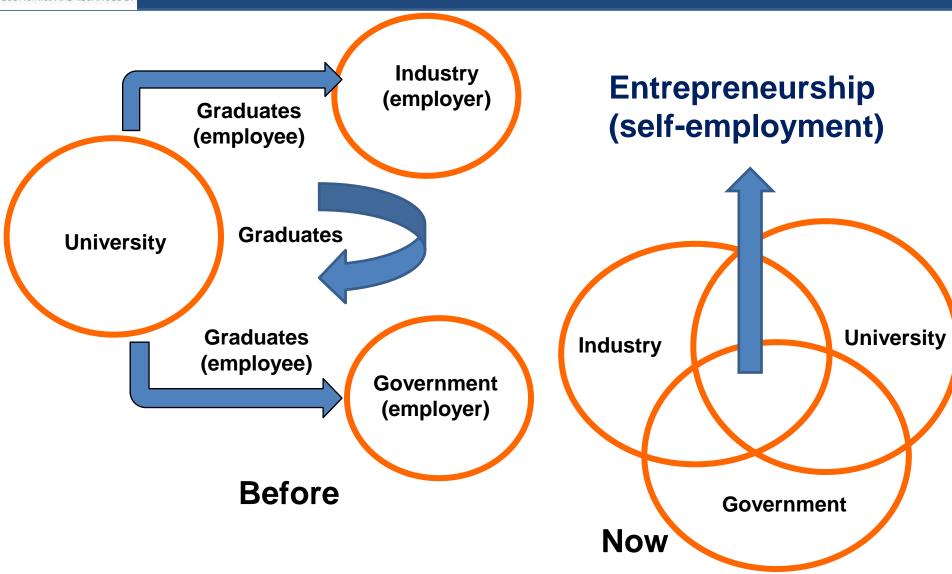




#### Traditional role of the government

- founds and runs public universities
- employs graduates from universities
- regulates various markets
- supports "scientific" research

# tepav

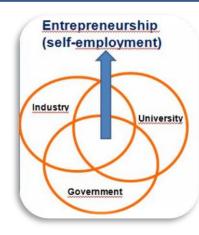


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#### Today's approach: "Collaboration"



#### Universities:

- Entrepreneurship courses
- Theses and dissertations seeking new more efficient production techniques or solutions to the problems facing businesses
- Technoparks (R&D hubs)
- University-Industry Collaboration Group (2008)



#### The Role of Private Sector

- Founding private (non-profit) universities:
   Koç, Sabancı, Özyeğin, TOBB-ETÜ
- Providing questions and research support to theses or dissertations (SANTEZ program)
- Transferring R&D departments to technoparks
- Funding entrepreneurship competitions
   TOBB→ "Bir fikrin mi var?"
   TÜSİAD→ "Bu gençlikte iş var!"

#### Government

- Start-up funding and seed money to enterpreneurs (KOSGEB)
- Entrepreneurship courses offered to general public free of charge

Year	Number of Courses	Number of Male Students	Number of Female Students	Total Number of Students
2009	1	0	18	18
2010	319	4707	3599	8306
Total	320	4707	3617	8324

Source: KOSGEB

#### Government

 Start-up funding to university students (The Ministry of Industry and Trade → "Teknogirişim")

Years	Total Number of Applications	Number of Supported Applications
2009	159	78
2010	724	102
2011	859	288
Total	1742	468

Source: The Ministry of Industry and Trade

#### Government

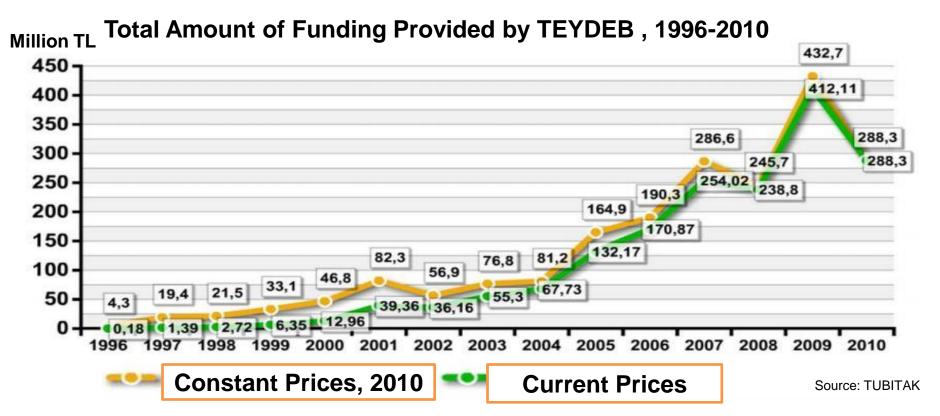
- Organizing business plan competitions (The Ministry of Industry and Trade & The Council of Higher Education)
- Technology Development Centers TEKMER (KOSGEB & Universities)



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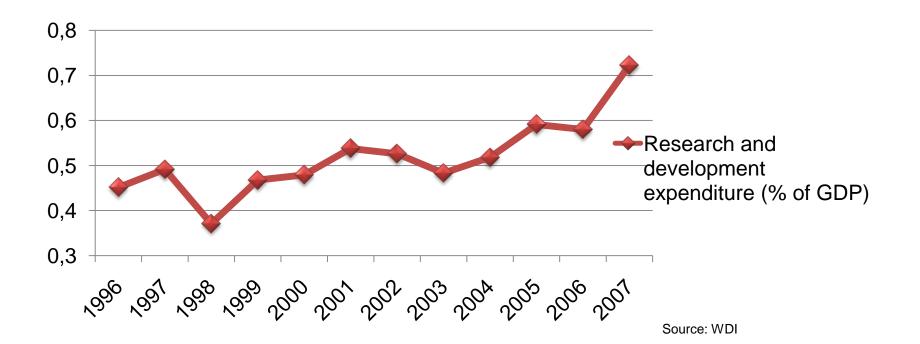
#### Government

 TUBİTAK → Industry Projects (TEYDEB: Technology and Innovation Funding Programs)



#### Government

#### Increasing R&D expenditures



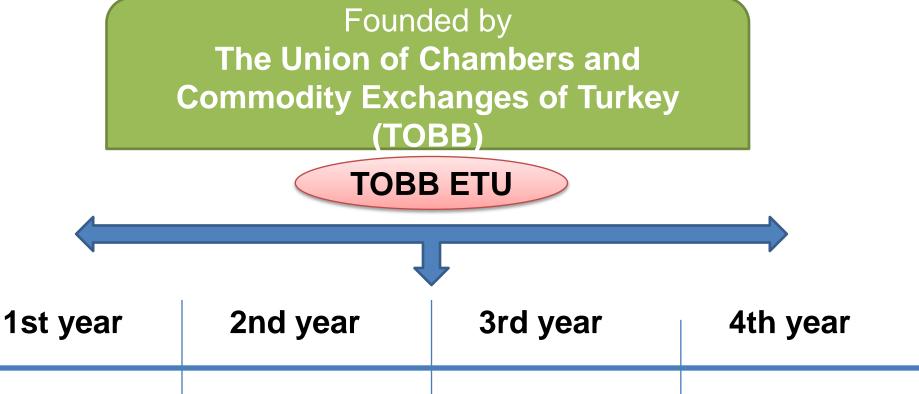
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#### **Success Story: TOBB ETU**

- Founded by TOBB through a generous endowment
- Entrepreneuship courses → 1st year
- Students have three internships → Co-op Education:
   3.5 months paid internships every year during junior, sophomore and senior years)
- Focus on entrepreneural skills
  - Students are encouraged to establish their own firms while they are still studying (by April 2011 10% of the graduates established their own firms or work at their family business)
- Academics are encouraged to establish businesses to commercialize their research results

tepav



Entrepreneurship course

Internship

Internship

Internship



#### A Turkish Example: TOBB – ETU

- Students run their own businesses:
  - Batın Şimşek, business administration student (single-use toothbrush vending machine)
  - Sedat Kılıç, mechanical engineering student (gas-saving machine for welding processes)





#### **Conclusions**

- TOBB ETU is moving towards becoming a showcase of how university and industry should collaborate to foster enterpreneurship.
- Turkey still needs more universities with a similar collaborative approach.
- Government should also provide better legislation to facilitate university-industry collaboration.



Thank you...

**Questions?**