



Economic Policy Research Foundation of Turkey

# Industrial Policy?

Güven Sak

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# Iran hasn't been successful in diversifying away from primary products

Pictorial representation of sectoral decomposition Iran's export basket (1995 and 2010, %)

1995

81% Petroleum oils, crude

4.5% Carpets, knotted

2.5% Other nuts

0.83% Semifinished production or nonalloy steel

0.83% Raw skins of sheep

0.83% Other

2010

73% Petroleum oils, crude

8.0% Petroleum oils, refined

24% Petroleum gases

10% Iron and steel

0.83% Petrol

1.0% Polyacids  
0.83% Acidic hydrazines  
1.0% Polymers of styrene, vinyl monomers

0.83% Other

0.83% Refined copper

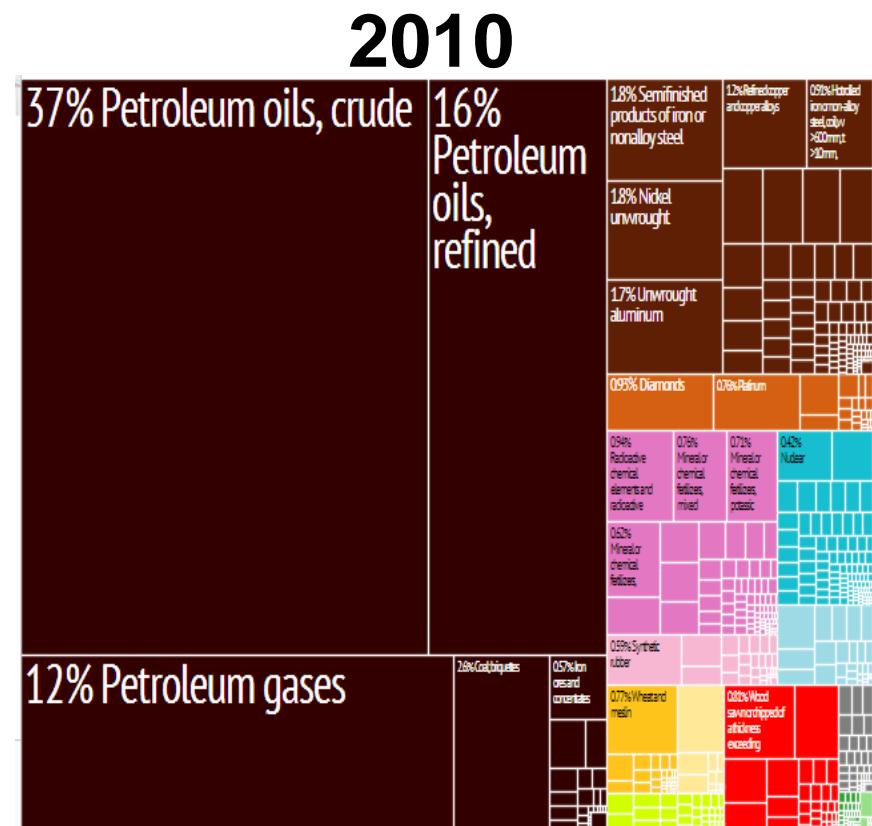
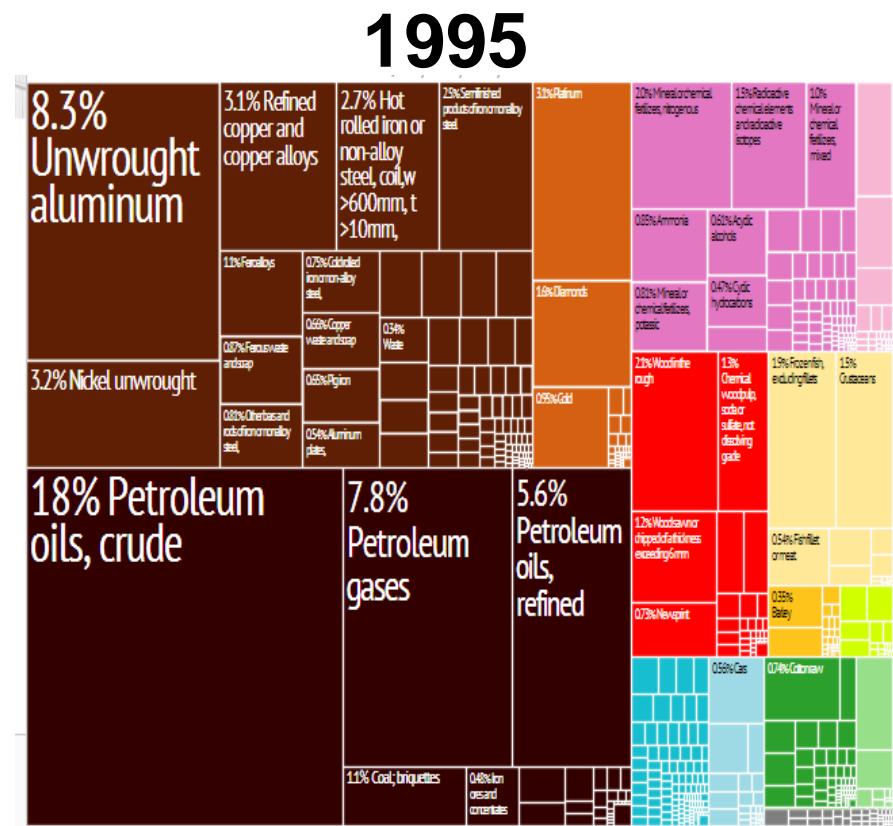
0.83% Other

0.83% Other



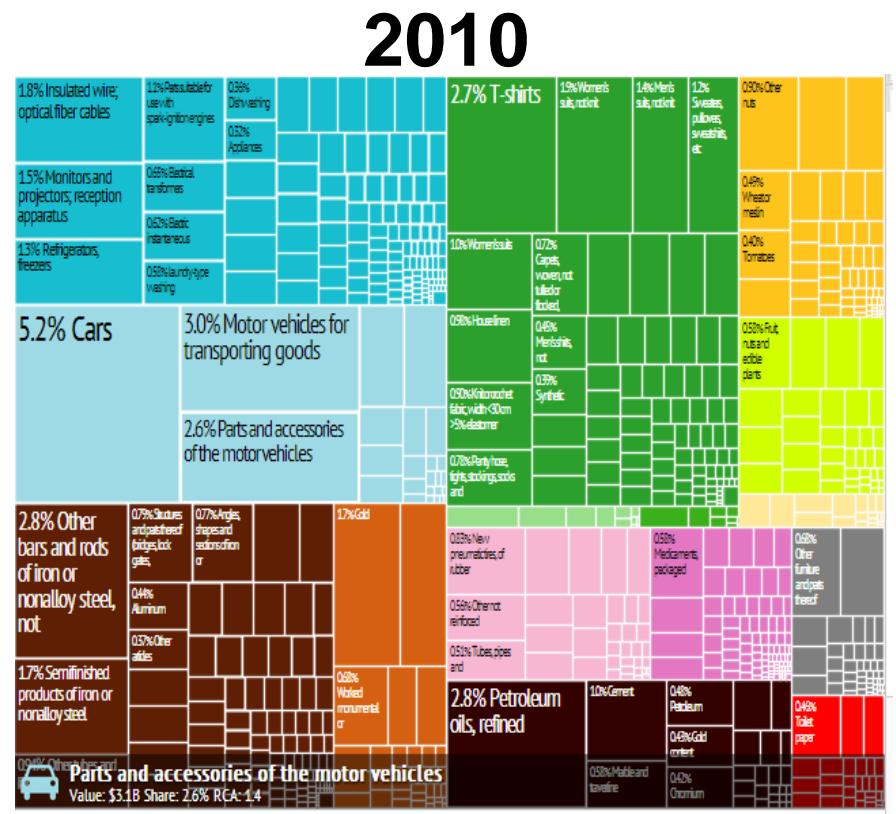
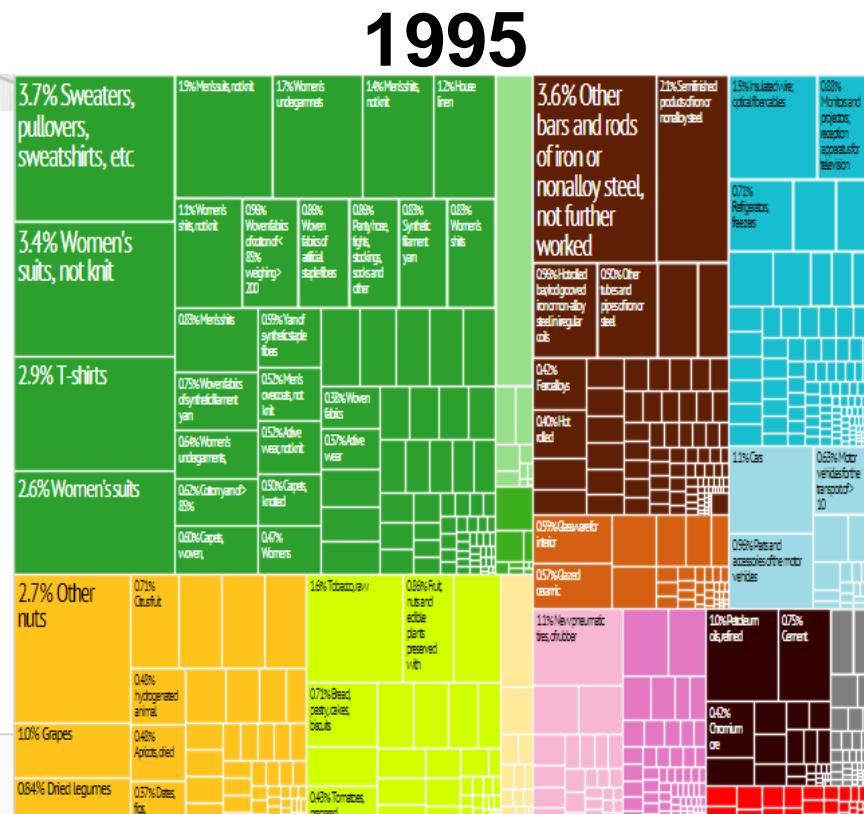
# Russia has a more diversified export portfolio but natural resource products still dominate

Pictorial representation of sectoral decomposition Russia's export basket (1995 and 2010, %)



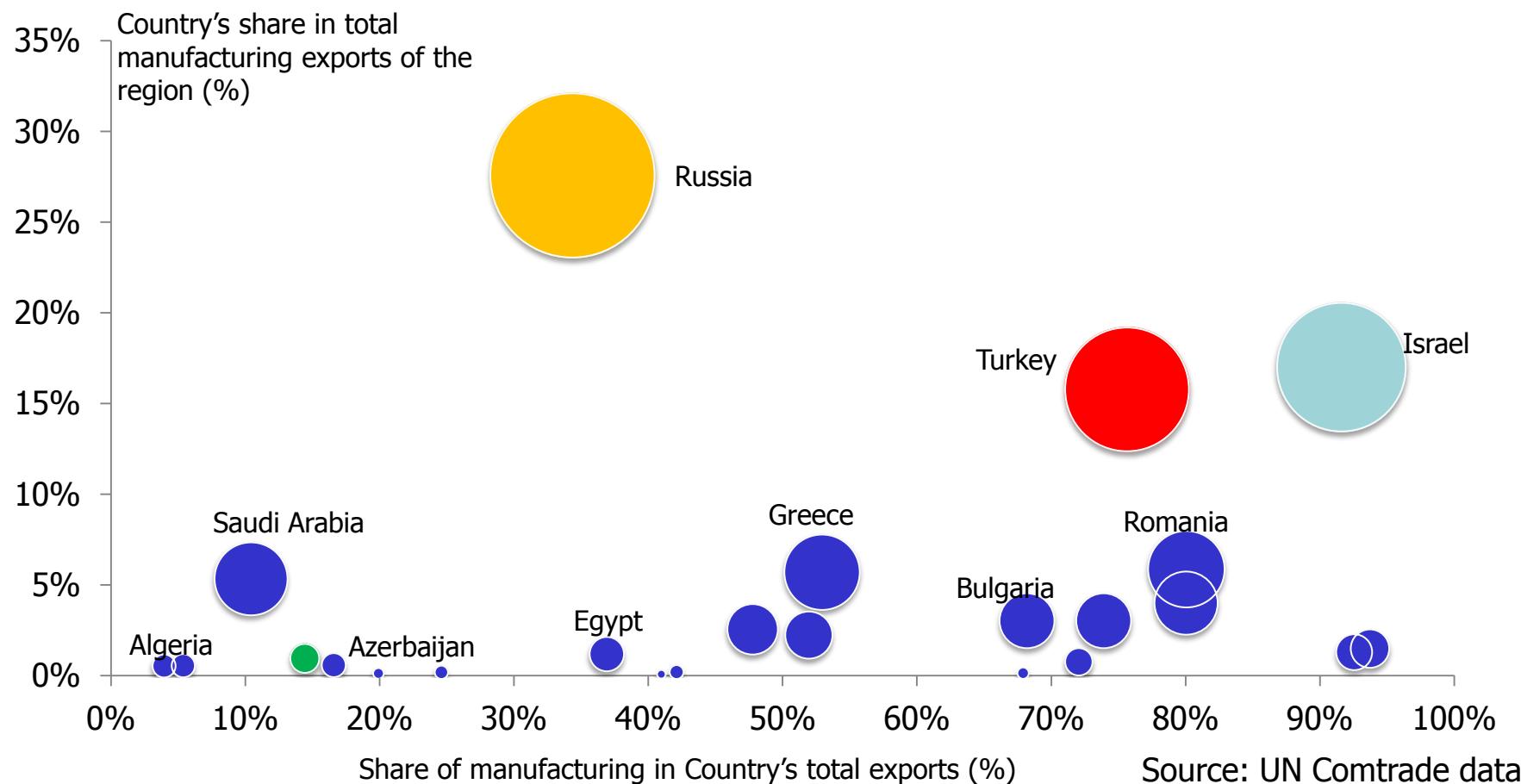
Turkey has the most sophisticated production structure among the three

## Pictorial representation of sectoral decomposition Turkey's export basket (1995 and 2010, %)



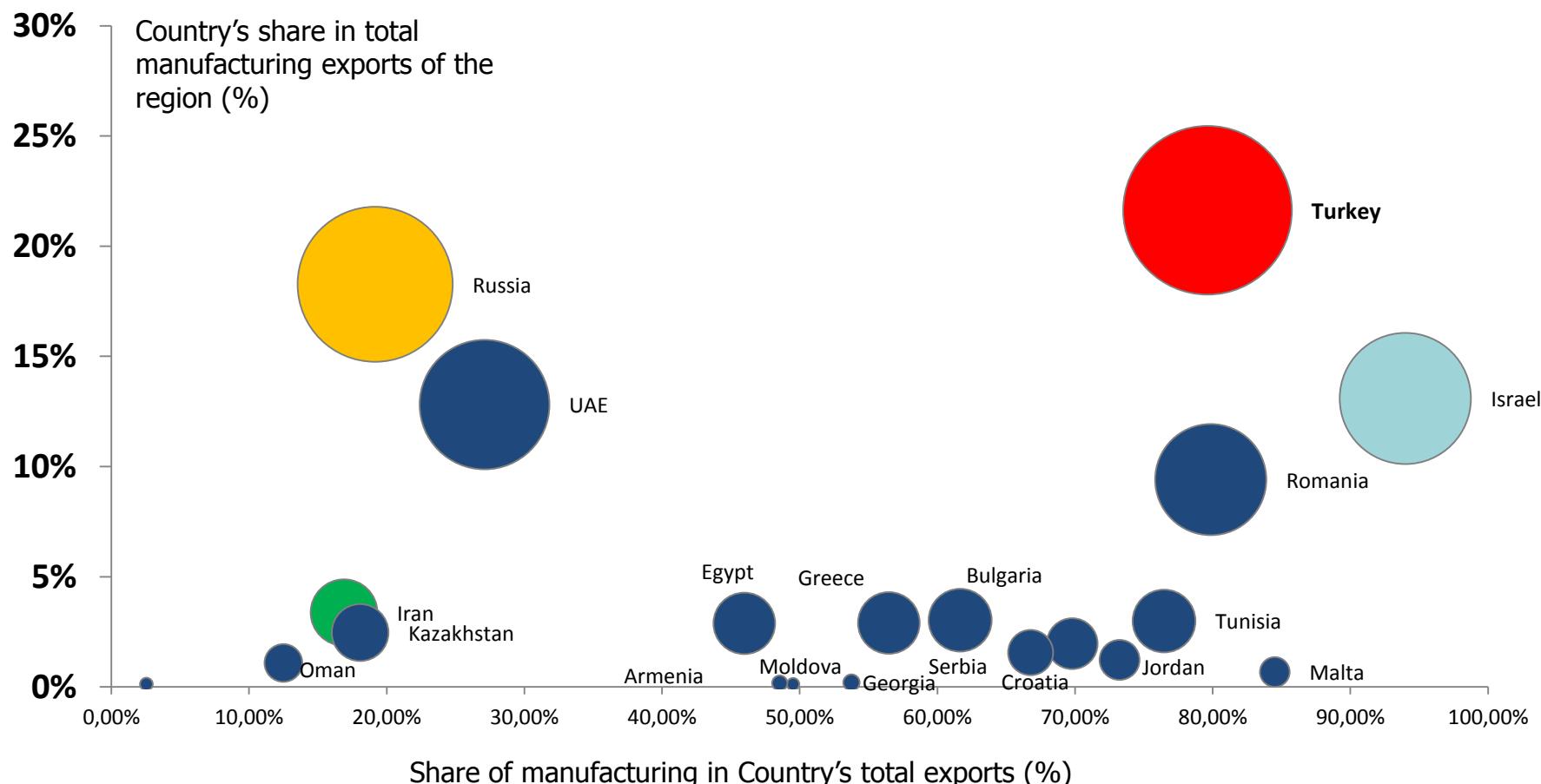
In 1990s, Turkey was one of the most important industrial economy of the region

### Export indicators of the countries in the region (1996)

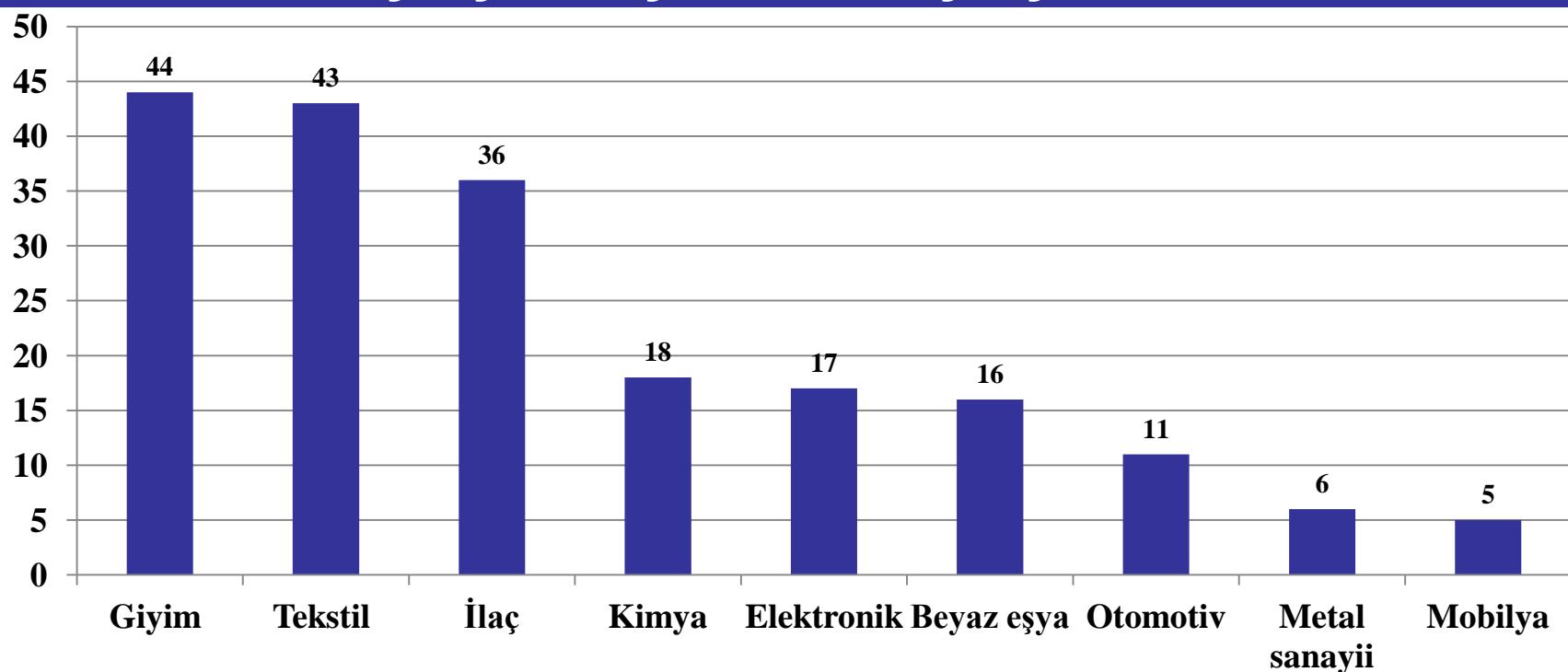


In 2010, Turkey has become the most important industrial economy of the region

### Export indicators of the countries in the region (2010)



## Sektörlerdeki Çalışanlar İçinde Kadın Çalışanların Oranı, %, 2011



## İşgörünün Meslek Grupları ve Cinsiyete Göre Dağılımı, %, 2010

■ Erkek ■ Kadın

